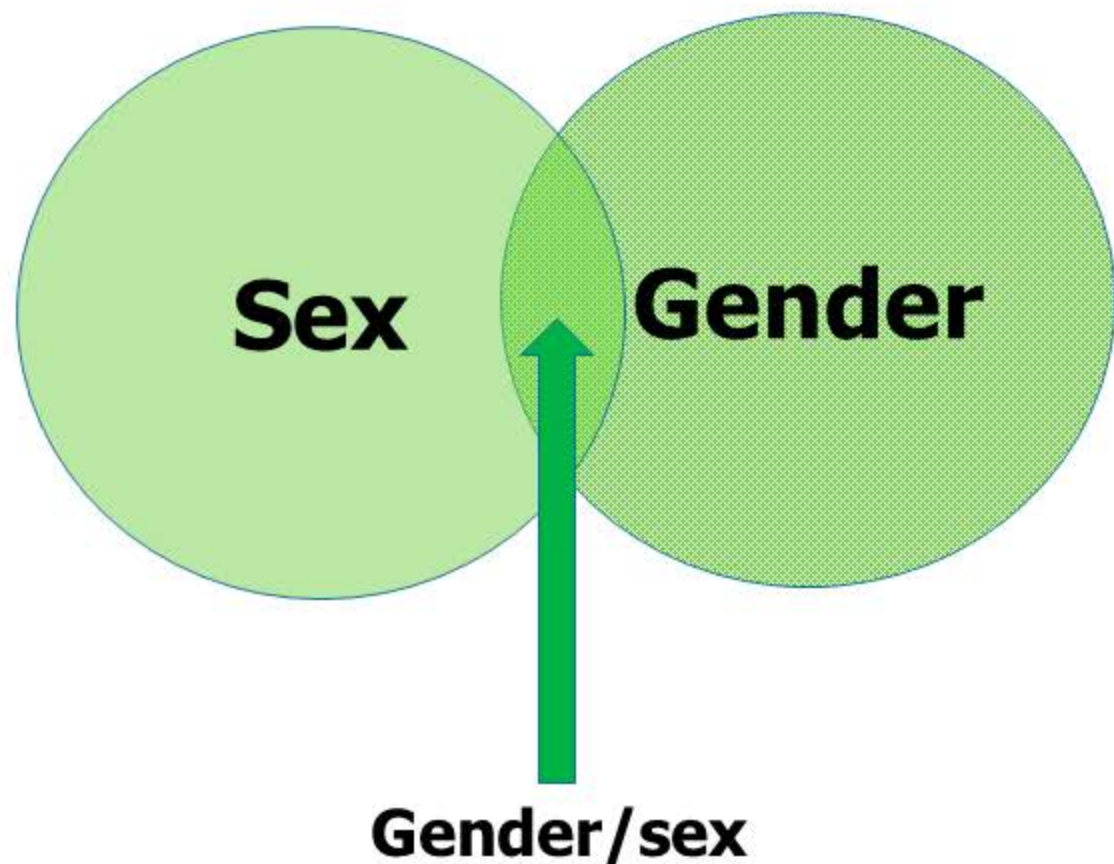


Nature vs Culture



Embodied Culture

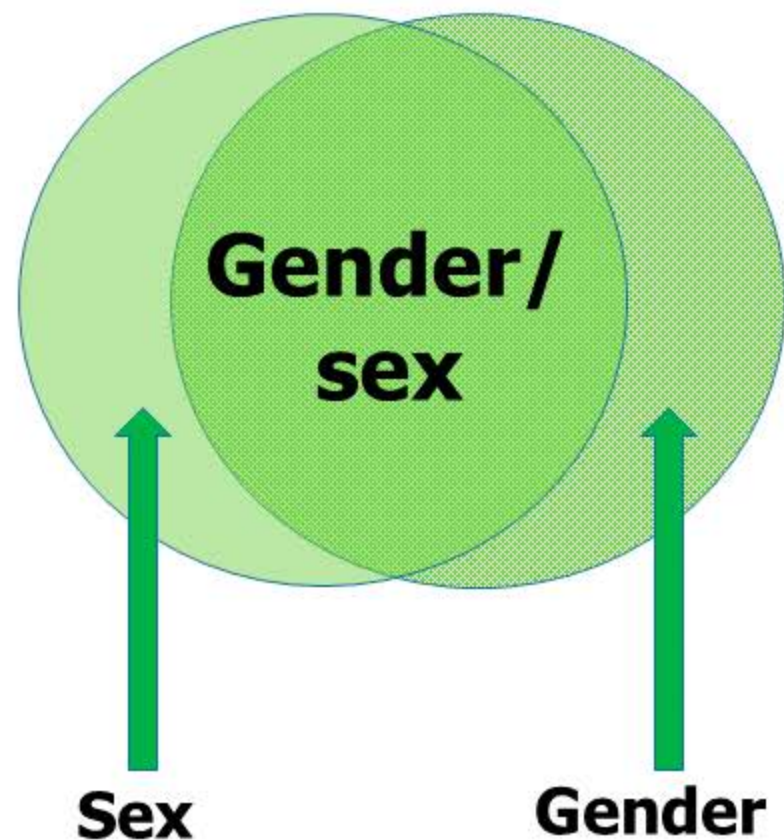


FIGURE 10.1 Defining gender/sex (drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling © AFS & Basic Books)

IDENTITY

Cartesian-theory of things (traits)

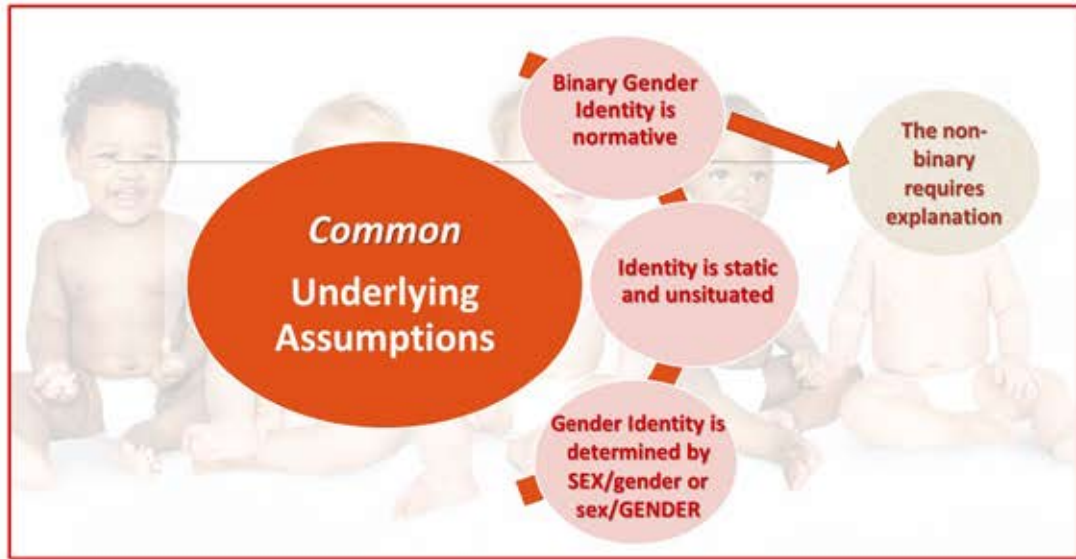
- Fixed trait
- Stasis-hard wired
- Individual-autonomous
- Identity is a “thing” located somewhere in the brain
- Autonomous biological processes produce fixed identities

Process-dynamic theory

- Dynamic process
- Change-soft assembly
- Intersubjective
- Identity is felt/maintained continuously in the body
- Stable interactions produce stable identities

FIGURE 10.2 Two different ways to conceptualize identity (drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling © AFS & Basic Books)

A



B

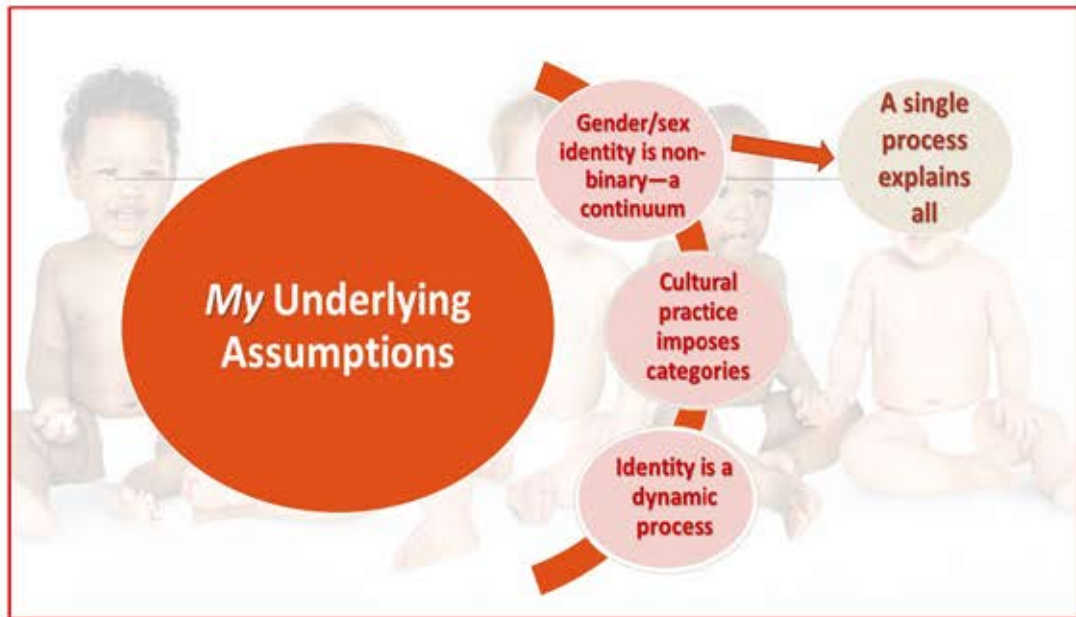


FIGURE 10.3 A. Common assumptions underlying gender/sex identity research. B. The author's assumptions underpinning dynamic or process-system gender/sex identity research (*drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling* © AFS & Basic Books)

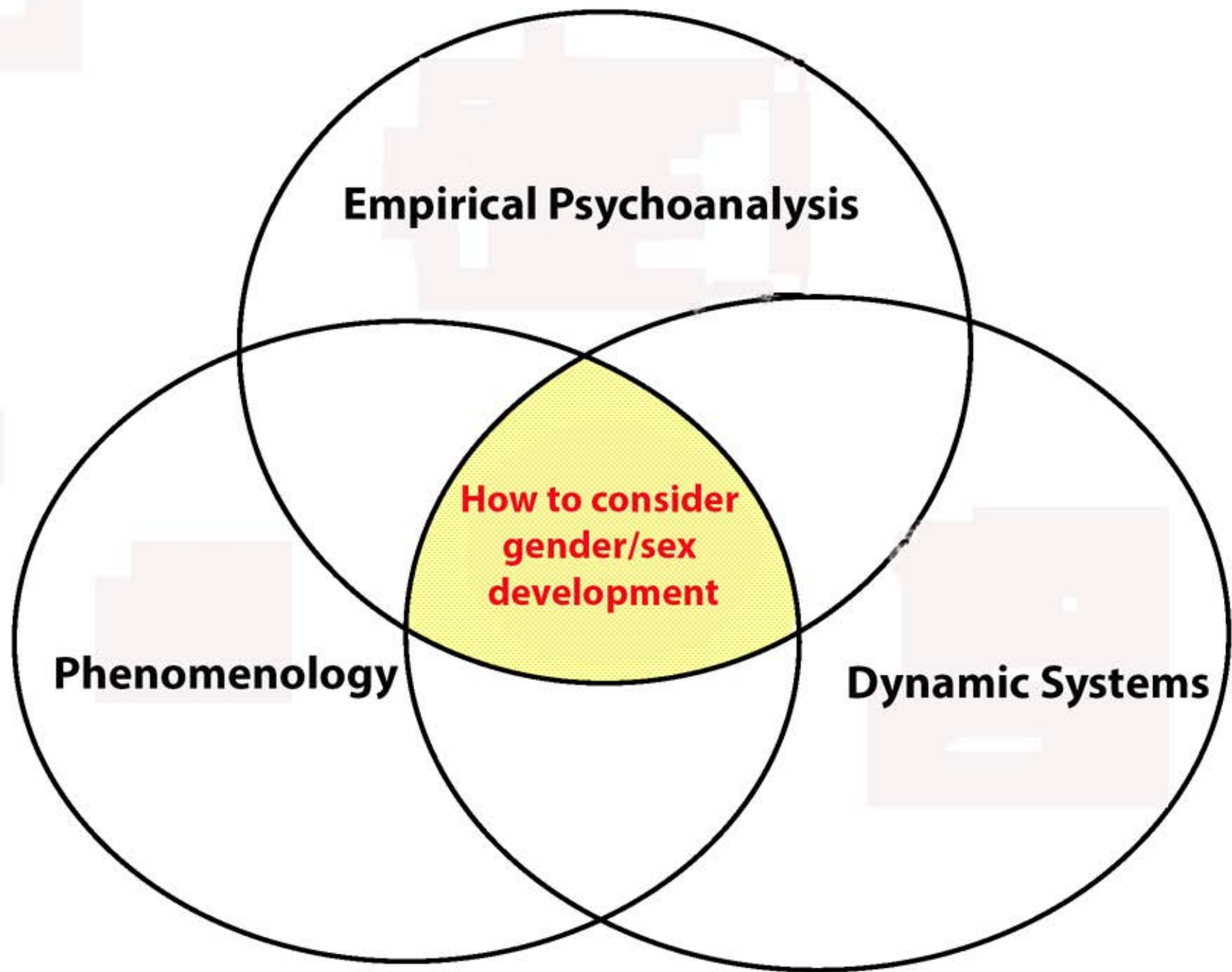


Figure 10.4. Three process theories contribute tools for the study of gender/sex development (drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling © AFS & Basic Books)

TIME: infant stores rate, rhythm, sequence & contingency of 2-way interactions

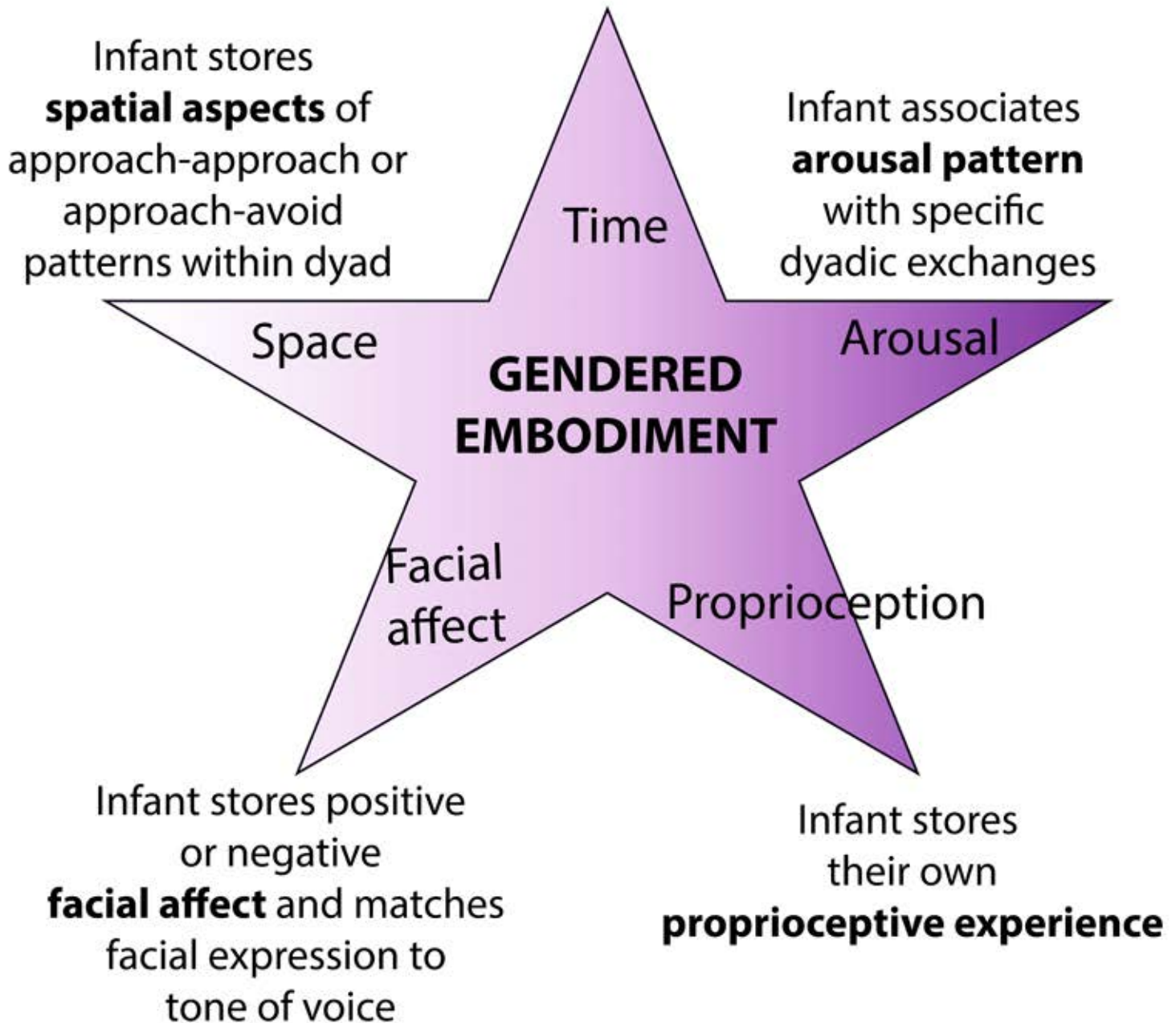


FIGURE 10.5. Caregiver-infant-produced presymbolic gender/sex embodiment (drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling © AFS & Basic Books)

INDIVIDUAL

WORLD

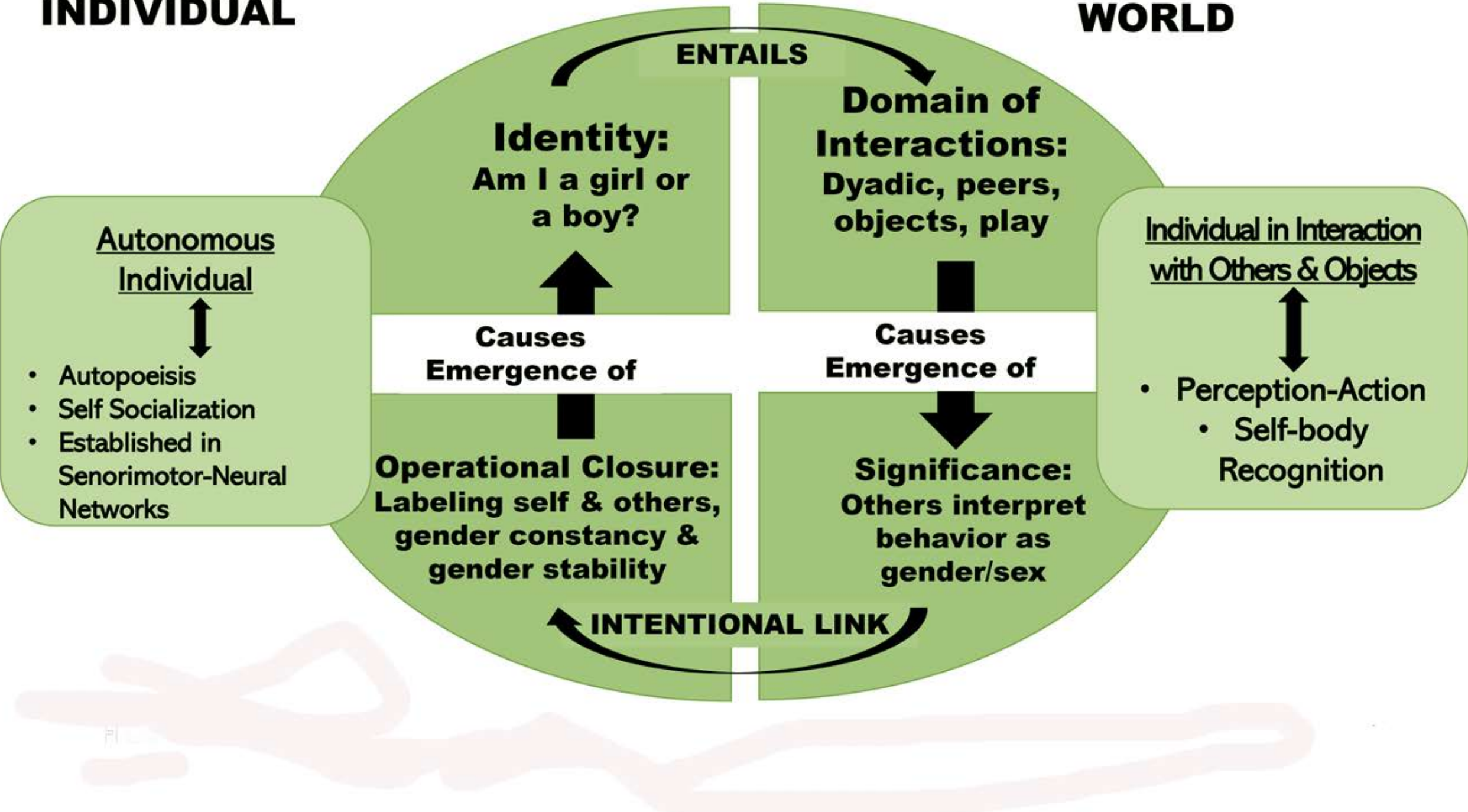


FIGURE 10.6. An embodied cognition model of the development and maintenance of gender/sex identity
(conceptualized by Anne Fausto-Sterling; illustrated by Patti Isaacs. © AFS & Basic Books)

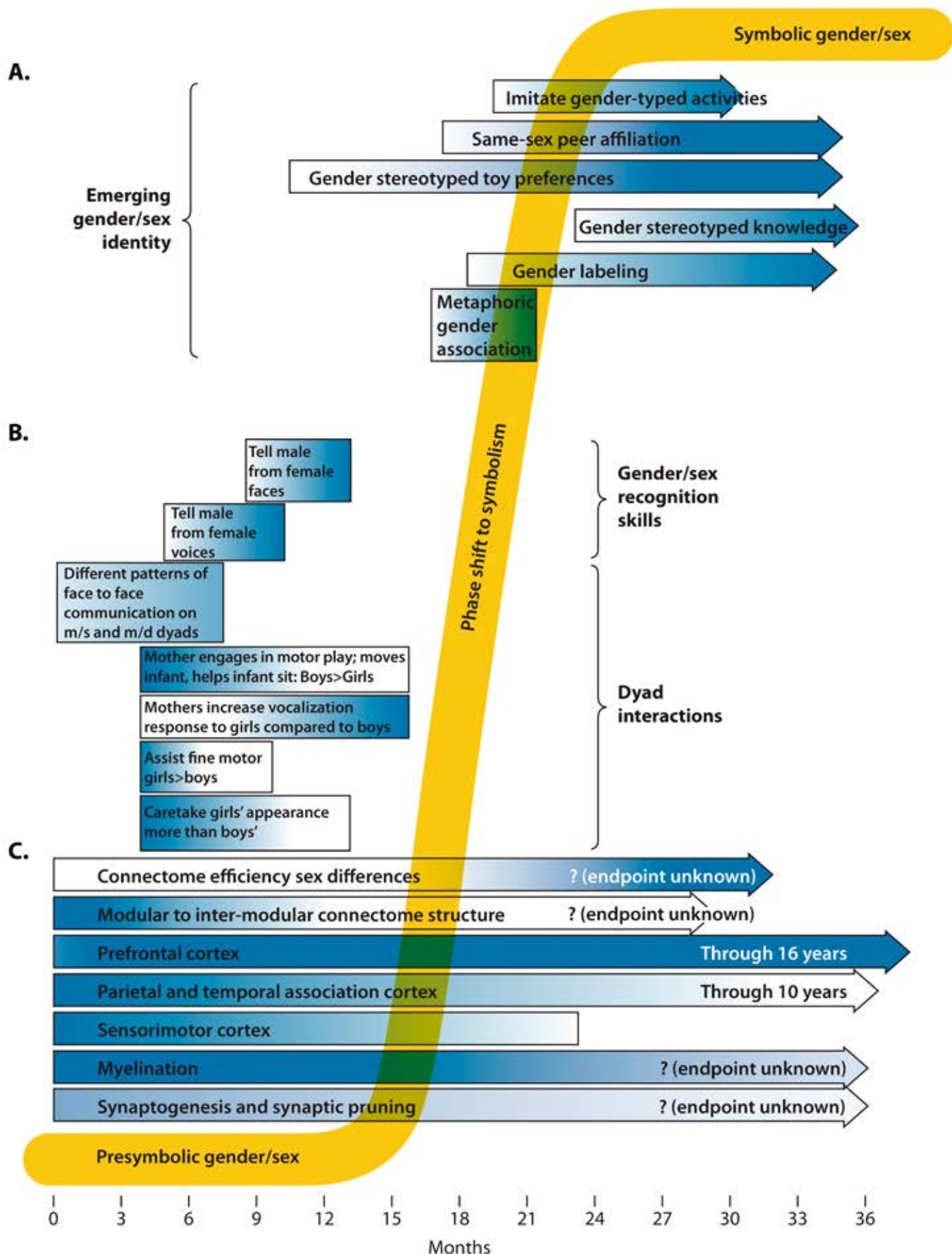


FIGURE 10.8. An overview with time line of critical events in gender/sex development (drawn by Anne Fausto-Sterling with Patti Isaacs © AFS & Basic Books)